

THE CHRONICLE *Edmonton*

VOL. IX. NO. 7.

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 18th, 1916.

PRICE \$1 A YEAR.

LAUT BROS.
Harness & Saddlery

WE have just taken over the entire Stock and fixtures of Mr. Robt. Landsburgh and have moved the same to our premises, where we intend conducting an up-to-date Harness and Repair Shop. In addition to this, we have purchased and will have in stock by the end of the week, a complete New Stock of Spring requirements, both in Sets of Harness and in all Repair Parts, so that we will be able to fill all requisitions made.

We have also been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. John Matthews, late of the Great West Saddlery Co., Calgary, who has had many years experience in Harness Repair work and in conducting a Retail Harness Shop, who will devote his entire time to this branch of our business. All work turned out under his direction will carry the unqualified guarantee of the firm.

We trust that our many friends will support us in this new venture and thus enable us to conduct what Crossfield has long needed:

A FIRST CLASS HARNESS & REPAIR SHOP.

Laut Brothers,
HARDWARE & GROCERIES.

CROSSFIELD MEAT MARKET

Fresh and Cured Meats and Fish always on hand

Try our noted Homemade Sausage, fresh daily.

Phone 24. Highest Price Paid for Hides and Poultry.

TIMS & CUMING, Props.

CHAS. HULTGREN

Notary Public and Commissioner for taking Affidavits

Conveyancing of all kinds of Legal Papers such as TRANSFERS, MORTGAGES, AGREEMENTS OF SALE, LEASES.

Drawing up WILLS. Etc. Etc.

INSURANCE and LOANS my Specialty.

AGENT FOR THE

John Deere Machinery. Low Dain Spreader.
Grain Tanks, Potato Diggers, and all Seasonable Goods.
Ironclad, Devonport, Roller Bearing Steel gear & new Ideal Wagons
Brookville Buggies, Surreys, and Democrates.

John Deere and Bissell Discs. Hansmann Tractor Hitch.

Your Inspection Invited. Your Patronage Our Mutual Benefit.
Prompt Attention Guaranteed.

CHAS. HULTGREN, Crossfield

ESTRAY—Bay Mare, left hind leg white, white on right hind foot, star on face, white stripe on nose, black points. About 900 pounds weight. Eight years old and gentle. No vices. Price \$150.00. *See ad. in R. J. Nixon, sec. 31, p. 28 B-28, w. of 4th. G. McLeod, Brand Reader.*

Don't start the new year off with owing for the Chronicals you had during the old year. Call at the office with that dollar the first time you are in town.

Local and General

At the recent Poultry Show held in Edmonton we notice the name of Mr. Jno. Morrison was amongst the prize winners, gaining a first prize in the Columbian Wyandotte variety.

Crossfield was visited this week by one of the wounded war veterans, Corp. Askin, who returned from the front with the last batch of wounded soldiers. He tells some interesting news concerning the methods and movements of the heroes of the firing line.

The dance on Thursday evening last, under the auspices of the local Woodmen was quite a success, and all present had an enjoyable time. The profit derived was in aid of the band being organised in connection with the Crossfield Camp.

The box social and dance which was held on Friday last at Rodney was well patronized, and the sum of \$46.50 was handed over to the Red Cross.

Earl Conrad, son of Mr. and Mrs. Conrad, of the Alberta Hotel, left Crossfield on Tuesday afternoon for Calgary, to take up a course of studies at the Pinkham College.

Why go to California, why not stay at home, California cannot beat 74 degrees registered here during this week. What next?

Say, are you getting that exhibit ready for this years Fair. Early yet, you say. Well, the directors are busy making arrangements to make this year's fair superior to all previous years.

Mr. W. Bradley, Blacksmith in town, wishes to announce that he is now in a position to undertake all kinds of blacksmithing and general repairs. Now is the time, take advantage of it and be prepared for another years good crops.

Amongst those who were visitors to Calgary on Saturday last were Mesdames Ontkes, A. R. Thomas, Halliday, Whillans, and Miss G. Halliday and Miss Turnbull.

Mrs. J. Eagleton and two of her children journeyed to Calgary on Thursday morning's train.

Bugler H. Whitfield was a visitor in town Tuesday and Wednesday. This is probably his last visit for the time being as he is expecting orders to leave for England at any time now.

Rev. T. A. Bowen, of Airdrie, will preach next Sabbath at Beaver Dams, Sunshine and Crossfield. Mr. Berry will preach in Airdrie in the interests of Social Service and Evangelism.

Congratulations are due to G. F. Robinson and Kinney, on their enlistment in the 56th Battalion.

We regret to hear that Private Clyde Sturrock, of the 50th has been confined to the hospital for some weeks with rheumatism due to exposure in the trenches.

The Patriotic Committee has made a partial canvas of the Inverlie School District in the interests of the Patriotic Fund, Red Cross and Belgian Relief, and the contributions now are estimated at over \$400. The contributions include 150 bushels of wheat, 440 bushels oats, 25 purebred fowls and many cash contributions. Well done Inverlie.

Our readers will have to again bear with us the shortcoming of having to print on old stock. Three weeks to get a few bundles of paper from Regina is going some.

STOCKTAKING

Brought to light many forgotten articles. Some

OVERSTOCKED LINES

and a few slow ones.

To make room for NEW GOODS we have filled two Tables with these, and will sell them

Regardless of Value or Cost
at 10c and 15c

during the balance of this month.

The Sooner You Come the Better the Assortment
to Choose from.

Come and Look Them Over.

Buy if you Want to, but see them anyway.

W. McRORY & Sons

HARDWARE SPECIALISTS AND HEATING EXPERTS.

CROSSFIELD DISTRICT
CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATION U.F.A.
LIMITED.

THIS SPACE is retained for the use of Members of U.F.A., to Advertise anything they may want to Sell, have to Buy or Exchange.

Wild Oats Eliminated from Seed.

A Demonstration of Loop the Loop Seed Grader at U.F.A. Office on Feb. 21th. Bring a sample of your grain and have it cleaned.

For Sale, 10 Durac Jersey Pigs, 4 month old, weight about 100 lbs. Also 600ft of 1 by 12 16th long lumber. F. Benedict.

For Sale, cheap, Grade Percheron Stallion, broken to work, quiet and sound, 7 years old, seal brown.

Wanted, Four Rose Comb Rhode Island Red Roosters.

W. Hays, R.R. No. 1.

We will have a car of Tamarac Fence Posts on the track in a few days. Also a car of Cedar Posts during the present month.

Wanted, a Typewriter for the U.F.A. Office.

Lost, One Red and White Yearling Heifer, branded **X**.

Geo. E. Patmore.

For Sale—One Berkshire Boar. Apply L. V. Bliss.

For Sale—A quantity of Hay and Green Feed. P. T. Benoit.

Poland China Boat for Sale or Trade. J. Cressman.

Free to Members of U.F.A.

A. E. HALL, Pres. A. W. GORDON, Secy-Treas.

HORSE SENSE !!

Many Merchants say that the only way to make Big Profits in country Stores is to give credit.

1. Claiming even if they do loose some money by bad accounts that the extra profit off sets it.

2. That people buy more freely regardless of cost when having it charged.

3. Also that the cash customers pays the same price as those that get credit.

Figure it out Cash Buyers, why should you pay the other fellow's bills.

TRY THE
FARMERS' CASH STORE

Next to Post Office.

I belong to no Clique or Retail Association.

Red Cross Notes.

The Red Cross Society acknowledges with thanks the following donations and work:

Crossfield Sewing Circle Tea \$2.50
Floral " 1.40
Rodney Box Social per O. E.

Roeder " 46.50
Crossfield Sewing Circle, 29 T. bandages, 9 M.-T. bandages, 1 surgical shirt, 6 handkerchiefs.

Mrs. S. Willis 1 pair socks.

Mrs. Mossop 1 " "

Conrad 1 " 6 T. bandages.

Miss D. Robinson 1 suit pyjamas.

Mrs. Wolode 1 surgical shirt.

Mrs. W. McRory 1 pair socks.

Wicks 1 surgical shirt, 2 M.-T. bandages.

Mrs. Jose, 2 surgical shirts.

Farquharson 6 M.-T. bandages.

Martha Walsh 12 handkerchiefs.

Primary Room Crossfield 24 handkerchiefs.

The next Crossfield Sewing Circle meets at the home of Mrs. E. Edwards, and the one following at the home of Mrs. Halliday.

Misses Nicholson and Armstrong will give an Entertainment and Whist Party on Saturday Evening, Feb. 19th, at 8:30 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. C. McKay, Crossfield. Everybody welcome. Collection will be taken in aid of Red Cross Society.

The Beaver Dam Red Cross Circle will give a Dance in the School House on Friday, Feb. 25th. Supper will be provided. Admission Gen's \$1.00. Ladies free. Proceeds in aid of the Red Cross. Come and help those who are suffering for you.

Red Cross Day in Alberta

At a recent meeting of the Provincial Red Cross Society, it was decided to make February 29th of this year a Special Red Cross Day for the raising of funds. The sum of \$50,000 is asked for in Alberta, and each Branch and Circle is urgently requested to do its part towards the raising of this fund.

The ladies of the Red Cross Society are making arrangements to call upon the people of Crossfield and vicinity, upon that day, so that every one may have an opportunity of giving towards this special need.

The Country Circles are also taking collections, and it is hoped that the Crossfield district will be able to do its share towards the raising of this much needed fund.

Should anyone be missed in the general canvas, the ladies would be glad if they would hand their donation to some one of the Society.

BIRTH.

On the 15th inst., at Crossfield, to Mr. and Mrs. Flynn, a son.

BRITISH WAR BUDGET

The war budget recently brought down in the Imperial House of Commons by Chancellor McKenna, imposes a 33 1/3 per cent. customs duty on motor cars, bicycles, picture films, clocks, matches, musical instruments, plate glass and hats; and increases the duty on sugar from 44 cents to \$2.24 per hundredweight; on tea, coffee, chicory, tobacco and dried fruits, 20 per cent., and on patent medicines, 100 per cent.

How far this new procedure will undermine the British policy of Free Trade remains to be seen, but the conclusion is now that British manufacturers will need a preference in their home market in order to meet the heavy taxes now being laid upon them and also to continue their export trade after the war.

BUTTER VERSUS WHEAT

Those who urge the adoption of mixed farming in Western Canada should be interested in the fact that dairying in the great wheat Province of Saskatchewan has increased at a more rapid rate during the past three years than grain growing. The Cooperative Creameries of Saskatchewan, operated by the Beaver Dam Branch of the Provincial Department of Agriculture during the summer months recently made the following statement, showing the output of butter for every season since 1913:

1913 1914 1915

May 90,657 139,657 153,103

June 169,065 215,339 314,927

July 254,328 323,778 514,988

August 156,919 204,394 353,407

September 120,722 170,364 303,337

Total lbs. 791,985 1,053,342 1,639,772

Increase 55 Per Cent.

These figures, it may be observed, show that the output for the five years in 1915 has been increased over the amount produced in 1913 by 55 per cent., and by 107 per cent. over the same period in 1912. One of the principal growing markets for Saskatchewan Government butter is British Columbia, where the product from New Zealand has been driven out steadily by the superior and less expensive importations from the Canadian prairie.

A comparison with the industry of grain growing shows that dairying in Alberta is increasing far more rapidly than are being made in grain crops. The acreage in grain within the bounds of Saskatchewan this year amounted to 10,543,795, compared with 9,912,464 acres in 1914, and 9,682,125 acres in 1913. Thus, while the figures for dairying show increases of 55 and 107 per cent., those pertaining to grain growing reflect an increase in 1915 of no more than 8.9 per cent. over 1913, and only 6.3 per cent. over 1914.

The Market Problem

Of course, the problem of marketing the rapidly increasing dairy products of Saskatchewan or any other Western Province is one that must engage the attention of the farmer and distributor alike. However, in the period of recovery which will follow the war, Canada is sure to adhere to the policy of encouraging home industries, which has prevailed for over a generation. There is no doubt, too, that the policy of the people will be more and more to patronize the products made by their fellow citizens. National economy will make this course compulsory, and the result will be that American manufacturers, instead of being ousted from Canada, will be invited to come over to Canada with branch factories. These will employ Canadian men and women, who, in turn, will be in the market for farm products of every description. Thus we see the interrelation of town and country. As long as Canada adheres to her existing trade policy, farmers in all parts of Canada will have no difficulty in finding an ever available market for all the food products they can grow.

LOST.

LOST.—A Yellow and White Spotted Heifer, coming 2 years old. Branded LV on left shoulder. Anyone giving information as to whereabouts of same will be rewarded.

Z. LEWELLEN,
Post Office, Carstairs.

For Rent or Sale.

FOR RENT OR SALE ON CROP AMOUNTMENTS, 4700 Good Farm Land, E. 1/4 and S.W. 1/4, 21, 1, 2, 5th, 2 (2 Miles North of Crossfield). Good Buildings. Barn for 16 head of horses. Spring and pump. 270 acres cultivated about half now ready for spring crop, balance to be plowed in spring.—Write or phone to

CHARLES C. SHORT,
High River, Alberta.
Phone 85. P.O. Box 102.

Farmers Insure your Buildings in the Wawanesa Mutual Fire Insurance Co. A Company of the Farmers and for the Farmers only. Costs only about 35 cents a year for \$100 Insurance.

Chas. Hultgren, Agent.

Empire Defenders.

We print below a list of the men from the Crossfield district who have joined the ranks of our Empire Defenders.

Should any names have been omitted and any of our readers be able to supply us with the same we should be glad to include same.

Lieut. Col. R. L. Boyle, 10th Batt.

Killed in Action.

W. G. R. B. Prince Pats, Killed in Action.

Charles Thomas, 9th, Band.

C. J. Urquhart, 12th Mounted Rifles.

John Chesser, " "

Jas. Watt, " "

W. H. Borton, " "

M. Lewis, " "

R. Lewis, " "

D. R. Lewis, " "

Robt. Salter, 31st Batt.

Jerry Fuller, " "

Cyrus Miller, " "

Peady Purser, " "

J. L. Brown, " "

M. L. Boyle, " "

Frank Laveck, 50th Batt.

Clyde Sturrock, " "

John McNaught, " "

J. H. H. McNaught, " "

R. McDonald, " Piper

P. G. swann, 51st Batt.

Harry Stark, 50th Batt.

Jack Collins, " "

Charles Collins, " "

John Langford, " "

Frank Blaize, " "

C. W. H. Atkinson, Medical Corps.

Jas. Hy. Whirlfield, 82nd Batt.

John McNaught, Field Co. Engineers

A. R. V. Dyke, " "

Capt. F. Thorpe, " "

Charlie Knight, 31st Batt.

Harry Oshaw, " "

G. T. Cornwell, 82nd Batt.

Bert Wolode, " "

Tom McNaught, " "

I. G. Fisher, " "

J. E. Clinton, 82nd Batt.

S. Dawson, 50th Batt.

John McNaught, 50th Batt.

W. A. M. Hallett, 80th Batt.

James Eagleton, 137th Battalion

George Smith, " "

Best of these are some who have very recently removed from here and are well known, have and enlisted elsewhere:

Bruce Knox, 50th Batt.

R. H. Hunter, 13th Mounted

John Hunter, 13th Mounted

Walter Goodland, 50th Batt. Corporal.

Jesse Fike, " "

F. E. Fyloch, " "

J. J. West, " "

Frank R. Parker, " "

W. B. Edward, 50th Batt.

Donald Matheson, 13th Mounted

George Manning, " "

George Blanchard, " "

R. E. Bishop, " "

Neil McCrimmon, " "

Lodge Cards

CROSSFIELD LODGE I.O.O.F.



Meets Every Wednesday Night in the Oldfield Hall at 8 p.m.

Visiting Brethren Welcome.

Dr. WHILLANS, LEVI BONE, Rec.-Sec'y.

Council Meetings

The council of the Village of Crossfield will meet in the Community Chamber over Fink Hall on the first Monday of each month, commencing with effect at the hour of 8 o'clock p.m.

By Order of the Village Council
5th-53. W. McLory, Sec.-Treas.

FOR SALE.

For Sale.—Ten Turkey Hens and four Gobblers. Apply to

T. H. Cormode,

R.R. 1. Crossfield, Alta.

Stray Notices.

Came to the farm of F. Custode, Airdrie, N.W. Sec. 26, tp. 27, R. 28, w. 4, one small Dark Red Heifer, 2 1/2 years old, Branded on right rib.

G. McLEOD, Brand Reader.

Train Service.

North Bound 1-04

" 9-28

" 15-03

South Bound 6-20

" 14-18

" 20-34

SUNDAYS.

North Bound 15-03

South Bound 14-18

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School Reform Movement

Memorials to the Minister of Education in Regard to Changes in School System of Saskatchewan

The Board of sub-examiners, appointed by the Saskatchewan education department, to examine school papers in connection with the annual departmental examinations, consists of about 150 men, mostly prominent experienced and successful principals, high school superintendents and other highly qualified teachers in the province. The members of the board have labored before the minister of education in formal expression of their opinions and have, to a number of highly important propositions, modified the school system of Saskatchewan, in a very special sense this body may be said to represent the well-trained opinion of professional educators. In consequence, as public interest has been to a large extent steadily increasing, these declarations of the sub-examiners are attracting widespread attention. They are embodied in two memorials.

The first memorial opened with a reference to the invitation extended to teachers to other citizens, for a conference on school reform, in connection with the revision of the school system, forwarded by the minister of education in his speech of June 22. It is the opinion of the sub-examiners that had been taken to render the memorial a faithful expression of the consensus of the teachers on the board of sub-examiners, and with that its contents were the product of long and strenuous labors on the part of the members, and that the teachers as a body acting through mass meetings.

The memorialist emphasized the importance of the elementary schools especially in rural districts but urged upon Mr. Scott the necessity of including urban schools, both elementary and secondary, within the scope of his reforms.

While agreeing that special prominence should be given to the principle of the principle, it was affirmed that "no system of education can be satisfactory which does not attach primary importance to the subjects which are fundamental in every course of studies affording a liberal education."

It was further agreed that "in all too many cases the students, even in our urban schools, are not acquiring habits of accuracy and systematic work, and that this is the basic subjects of the curriculum."

It was recommended "that candidates for the teaching profession and new inspectors appointed be required to do such preparatory study as would ensure their familiarity with the methods of instruction in elementary subjects, with the teaching of children to children, and with the educational work with all the subjects of fundamental importance to Saskatchewan." The memorialists also believed "that it is the duty of the government to do every possible encouragement should be given to members of the inspector staff to carry out such courses of practical study as would constitute them, along with our normal school instructors, a board of real educational experts." However, it was stated to be a conviction "in various well informed quarters that the time has arrived for the appointment of a state inspector whose duty would include personal supervision and familiarity with the work of inspection, and who should be given every opportunity to keep the normal schools in touch with public needs. Incidentally they should be given proper opportunities to disseminate thus relieved "of their present encumbered load of clerical work." The sub-examiners approved of Mr. Scott's suggestion to provide for the inspection of rural superintendences and very emphatically agreed that school grants should be given to the normal schools in touch with public needs. Incidentally they should be given proper opportunities to disseminate thus relieved "of their present encumbered load of clerical work." The sub-examiners approved of Mr. Scott's suggestion to provide for the inspection of rural superintendences and very emphatically agreed that school grants should be given to the normal schools in touch with public needs. Incidentally they should be given proper opportunities to disseminate thus relieved "of their present encumbered load of clerical work."

The memorial declared the present compulsory education law a dead letter for far too many districts and was concerned that no real improvement would be effected until truancy officers were entrusted with enforcement of the law in all the districts. It was advised that the compulsory attendance period in cities, towns and villages cover a wide section of the province that desire it.

The memorialist impressed upon the teacher that improved upon the present compulsory education law, and the adequate means of securing educational advantages for the children in pioneer settlements where as yet it is impossible to have a schoolroom, and expressed great interest in the premier's suggestions regarding "pioneer schools" making some practical recommendations in that connection.

Wonderful Crop Yields Reported
J. O. Houghton, who homesteaded at Cayley, Alberta, five years ago, relates a rather interesting story about this year's crop. On 500 acres of land where he has been growing grain, after paying threshing expenses, his oats average 90 bushels, and his wheat 100 bushels per acre. He is very well pleased with results.

What might be termed a phenomenal crop is the reported by E. Bird of Crossfield. About 1000 acres of barley was completely destroyed by hail on July 8. Later on Mr. Bird, who attempted to plow the field when he observed a second growth appear from the root. He postured plowing operations. By September 1st, 1000 acres of barley was in the crop. When he threshed it he secured 1,147 bushels of barley.

How Some May Help

We May Give While Others Suffer in the Great Tragedy

The following article is by John Galt, author of the *Great Tragedy*. As the saying goes, the poor, for number, are the sufferers in this war. It is but a very sort of brotherhood between the rich and the poor, the sufferers in the greatest tragedy that ever befall the human race. But most of us here in America are spared the horrors of war, and are not even suffering the ghastly wounded, the blistering fevers, the starvation and the misery of the battlefield. We are spared sight of the battlefield, sound the bugle call, and spared visions of the sea alive with the drowning.

Lestatina was washed over one board who survived, saw a great wave sweeping back on her, with wailing men, women and children. We are spared sight of the pitiful, heroic cheeriness, and spared the long agonized waiting for the drowning.

For us in this land still peaceful,

it is hard to realize that nearly three million French and Belgians are being

slaughtered, which may yet fall them;

that at least as many have been plucked

from their homes, and flung

into a long trap, ruined by

the officer who had been mischievous

and fired a bullet through the soldier's

head, and spared the very wall

and the tide of suffering.

For most of us money is the only

thing we can give. Money is

cold, but it buys warmth, hope, cheer,

ease from the sweets of agony; it

mends limbs, keeps others with

the broken home, and

money it fights fever, and feeds the

starving. Let us give money! we

have the heart to do it, and the

teachers as a body acting through

mass meetings.

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adequate means of securing educational advantages for the children in pioneer settlements where as yet it is impossible to have a schoolroom, and expressed great interest in the premier's suggestions regarding "pioneer schools" making some practical recommendations in that connection.

How to Help

A Little Money Expended on Shelters For Hogs Will Save a Lot of Livestock

For

Many seem to have the opinion

that any old hovel will do for a hog,

but the careful owner knows that

the hog's farm animals to be profit-

able. The hog should be kept dry

and warm, and kept dry and free

from the cold, and kept dry and

clean, as it can be kept clean more

easily than any other kind;

the straw should be given every

day, and all old litter scraped out

and carried away, when the weather

permits, and the straw should be

changed into a yard each day, and should be fed and shut up early.

Hog houses in a side hill or

gully are not satisfactory

as they are, in almost all instances, damp and often dark; while

the straw should be kept dry and

clean, as it can be kept clean more

easily than any other kind;

the straw should be given every

day, and all old litter scraped out

and carried away, when the weather

permits, and the straw should be

changed into a yard each day, and

should be fed and shut up early.

Japanes Theatres

A Young Bacteriologist named Schreitersen

is a private

researcher who is

working on a

problem

which he has

been working on

for a number of years.

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He has

LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES, MOULDINGS, WINDOWS, DOORS

And Everything in Building Material.

Lump COAL always on Hand.

ATLAS LUMBER Co. Ltd. CROSSFIELD.

J. S. JOSE, Local Manager.

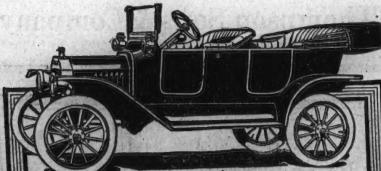
Ivor Lewis

Sole Agent for the Famous

GALT COAL

Hard Coal and Briquettes always
on hand.

Fire Wood. Draying.
Crossfield, Alberta



"MADE IN CANADA"

Ford Touring Car Price \$530

Its performance is bigger than its price. What any other motor car will do, the Ford will do—and more. Yet it is the lowest-priced real motor car on the market. Because our output is set this year at 40,000 cars, we are able to sell the dependable Ford at so low a price.

The Bonabont is now \$480; the Town Car \$780; (f.o.b. Ford, Ontario. All cars completely equipped, including electric headlights. Equipment does not exclude speedometer. Get particulars from

LESLIE FARR, Dealer, Auctioneer,
and Real Estate Agent, Airdrie.



THE UNIVERSAL CAR

ANTI-DUMPING CLAUSE

President Wilson to Bring in Tariff
Legislation Similar to Canadian

An agitation has begun in the United States to secure an anti-dumping clause in the tariff similar to that contained in the Canadian tariff. The anti-dumping clause in the Canadian tariff was inserted for the purpose of preventing the importation of United States foreign goods into Canada at greatly reduced prices during periods of depression. In pointing out this fact during a discussion of anti-dumping legislation, "The New York Journal of Commerce makes a good case, probably without intending to do so, for the trade policy of Canada:

"On the general question of protection against 'dumping' the situation of the United States is quite different from that of Canada or South Africa. With Canada it was chiefly a feature of its protective policy to prevent the倾销 in the Dominion market of surplus goods from the United States at reduced prices. Canada, with its

vast territory, has only about one-twelfth of the population of the United States. Its manufacturing industries are mainly in the stage of infancy or youthful adolescence, and located in the east contiguous to the most highly developed field of American industry. The United States has no reason to fear competition from nearby countries in its own markets, and its situation with reference to European competitors is quite different from that of Canada. Its industrial and commercial strength ought to be equal to that of any existing rivals, and the power of those in Europe now at war with each other will be greatly diminished instead of increased when their struggle is over. Why should we have to pay for of their commercial rivalry than before?"

Briefly put, this argument may be summed up thus: United States industry is so powerful and so wealthy that it does not need protection against Canadian industry. Conversely, as Canadian industry is much less powerful and much less wealthy than United States industry, Canadian industry needs protection. We have seen soon the case as clearly stated in a United States paper.

Crossfield Chronicle

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, \$1.00 per year in advance; or \$1.00 if not paid in advance. PUBLISHED at the Chronicle office, at Crossfield, Alberta, each Friday.

Business local 10 cents per line first insertion; and 5 cents per line each subsequent insertion.

Legal advertisements, 12 cents per line for first insertion; and 8 cents each subsequent insertion.

Commercial contract rates upon application.

ROBERT WHITFIELD,
PRINTER AND PUBLISHER.

CROSSFIELD, ALTA., FEB. 18, 1916.

Governor General's Medals.

Early last year the Department of Education announced a competition to be conducted in connection with the Public School Leaving Examinations, whereby a Bronze Medal donated by H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught, Governor General of Canada, was to be awarded to the candidate in each Inspectorial Division who obtained the highest marks at the departmental Public School Leaving Examinations. The competition aroused keen interest, and the appreciation of the successful candidates was evinced by the heartiness of the written acknowledgments made by the recipients. These letters were forwarded to H.R.H. the Governor General, who expressed his gratification at the success which attended the competition and graciously expressed his desire to donate Medals for a similar competition for 1916.

The basis upon which the medals will be awarded will again be the departmental Public School Leaving Examinations to be held in June next. One medal will be awarded to the candidate obtaining the highest marks in each of the nineteen Inspectorial Districts except in the cases of the Calgary and Edmonton Districts where the larger centres of population exist, and in each of these districts two medals will be awarded.

The Time to Act.

The old saying has it "there is no time like the present." That this applies with telling force to the selection of good dairy cows, will be admitted by every thoughtful dairyman. Selection may be made on the evidence of certain well known external indications of good milking qualities with special attention paid to the udder, loin, skin, barrel, etc.

But no matter how skilled the expert judge of dairy "quality" in a cow may be, he is not infallible as to the amount of hard cash that any one cow in the herd will earn in a year. He may be, the ordinary dairy farmer, too, may be considerably mistaken in his judgment. One judgment will give him accurate results, that of selection by dairy records. It is easy to weigh and sample, it is easy to add up a few figures for each cow, it is easy to compare such totals, and it is eminently satisfactory to know for certain which cows are best to keep and breed from.

Now is the time to act, prepare to keep records all seasons; write the dairy division, Ottawa, for free milk record forms, either three times per month, or daily. You will never regret it.

FARMERS' COMPANY AND WHEAT PURCHASING

Annual Report Shows That the Farmers' Company is a Big Operator in the Wheat Market

It has been customary in certain provinces in the West to regard the manipulating of the wheat market as something which resulted in lower

CROSSFIELD GARAGE

Machinery Repaired. Auto's Stored.

Tyres Vulcanized. Presto Lite Tanks. Oil and Gas.

AUTO SUPPLIES. Goodyear TYRES. CEMENT AND PATCHES.

Notes on Cow Testing

To assist dairy farmers who desire to test their herds for milk production the Dairy and Cold Storage Commissioner at Ottawa has issued for public distribution a pamphletentitled "Cow Testing Notes" and designated Circular No. 16 D. & S. Series. The pamphlet shows the necessary equipment as spring scales, box of sample bottles, dipper, etc., and tells the cost of each and where the outfit may be procured as well as the purpose and method of use of each.

The Department of Agriculture through the Dairy and Cold Storage Branch helps farmers to test their cows. In July, 1915, the branch received records of 22,600 cows. Evidence of the value of cow testing is given.

Cow testing not only produces better cows, but more interested and better dairymen.

With each cow's record before him, the dairyman is able to feed more intelligently. "Meal in proportion to milk" is a good motto.

The figures of a creamery statement at Way's Mills, Que., show that from a herd of twelve cows in 1912, the cash received by the owner was \$297.85. In 1914, from twelve cows he received \$804.48. He discovered the poor cows and got rid of them.

At Malloryton, Ont., a herd of twelve cows has increased from 3,720 pounds of milk per cow in 1914; this is an increase of 3,602 pounds of milk per cow, or 98 per cent. In Hastings County, Ont., a farmer commenced cow testing in 1912 and found his herd of ten cows averaged 1,760 pounds of milk and 187 pounds of fat. In 1914 his ten cows averaged 7,436 pounds of milk and 254 pounds of fat, an increase of 1,059 pounds of milk and 67 pounds of fat in two years.

This pamphlet is available at the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa.

Crossfield Hockey Notes

On Tuesday of last week the first game of the season was played. Inverlea vs. a combination team of Floral and Crossfield, which resulted in a victory for Inverlea to the tune of 4 to 11.

On Saturday last a second game was played by the same teams under the name of Inverlea vs. the World. Inverlea again proved too fast for their opponents, and when time was called the score stood Inverlea 5 World 0.

The only player that was not satisfied at the close of the game was the Inverlea goal keeper. He was suffering for want of some exercise.

prices for the grain grower. It has been charged that buying and selling of wheat on a speculative basis tends to deprive the grower of some of his profits. It would appear, however, that the grain grower's Grain Company, which has now, had nearly ten years' experience, finds that there is nothing wrong or against the farmer's interest in buying and selling grain in the world markets, because their annual report reveals that they have become one of the biggest and boldest operators on this continent. They have recently opened an office in New York to be in a better position to reap the quick profits which come from handling a large trade close to where the business is done. The farmers' co-operative movement, as far as buying and selling grain is concerned, seems to be approaching closer every year to the money methods in protestant which it came into being a few years ago. It is only another base where experience has proved business must be conducted more or less along lines that have been established and approved by years of practice and custom.

NEW NATIONAL POLICY

Only a Restatement of the Original National Policy

The "Vancouver Sun" urges that a "New National Policy" is needed in Canada. The object of this policy would be to place on our vacant arable lands a part of the population which now finds it difficult to find a living in the city. There is no doubt that in the last ten years for millions of farmers on the available agricultural lands in this country. It is also true that the problem of seasonal unemployment could be solved to some extent by the successful transfer of city dwellers to the country. It is scarcely accurate, however, to call such a movement a "New National Policy." The National Policy, in the economic sense of the term, aimed at securing a perfect balance between the city and the country. The city was to manufacture what the country needed, and the country was to produce what the city needed. It is a case of little use transferring the great numbers of city dwellers to farm lands unless they are certain of a market for the articles they can produce. Industrial cities are the best markets for farm produce. The National Policy never contemplated stripping country districts in order to swell city districts, because a large rural population is needed to absorb manufactured goods. It will be desirable for many years to encourage settlement on our vacant agricultural land and to bring it under cultivation, but it would be more accurate to say that this was only a continuation of the National Policy than to herald it as a "New National Policy."

It has been very gratifying and most encouraging to note during the last year, and especially in recent months, the growing sentiment favoring Canadian-made products—sort of national trade consciousness.

Wanted to Exchange.

Some of Victoria's best revenue producing, and Residential Property for prairie acreage. Apply to Canadian Timber Exporters Ltd., Box 787, Victoria, British Columbia.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (not at Sub-Agency), on written application.

Duration—Six months' residence upon cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a family of at least six, or on one or more dependents. A homesteader is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price \$100 per acre.

Duration—Six months' residence in each of three years after entering homestead patent; also 60 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his home lot may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.90 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 60 acres, and erect a house worth \$100.00.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, stony or scrubby land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.A.

Secretary of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for